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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/705,750 23850 7	11/06/2000	Kiyoshi Seizu	001418	6624 D
ARMSTRONG, WESTERMAN & HATTORI, LLP 1725 K STREET, NW SUITE 1000 WASHINGTON, DC 20006			EXAMINER JOHNSON, JONATHAN J	
WASHINGTO	N, DC 20000		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1725	
			DATE MAIL ED: 08/29/2003	1

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

,		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/705,750	SEIZU, KIYOSHI			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Jonathan Johnson	1725			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status						
1)🖂	1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>27 November 2002</u> .					
2a)⊠						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1 and 3-5 is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1 and 3-5</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or papers	election requirement.				
9)[] 1	The specification is objected to by the Examiner					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a)☐ approved b)☐ disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a)⊠ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:						
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents	have been received.				
:	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
	cknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic	·				
	☐ The translation of the foreign language prov		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
	cknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic					
Attachment	•					
2) Notice	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 11	5) Notice of Informal P	(PTO-413) Paper No(s) atent Application (PTO-152)			
J.S. Patent and Tra PTOL-326 (Re		ion Summary	Part of Paper No. 12			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1 and 3-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yashiro (USPN 3,826,121) in view of Steele et al (USPN 5,332,065). Yashiro teaches a method and apparatus for cold bending H-shaped steel. A pair of spaced pressure receiving rollers are brought into pressure-contact with the inner surface of the flange of the workpiece on each side of the center web of the workpiece spaced from the flange and a pressure roller is brought into pressure-contact with the inner surface of the flange a position between the pressure receiving rollers on each side of the web spaced from the flange. The two types of rollers cooperate with each other to apply outwardly directed forces in the opposite directions against the inner surfaces of the opposite flanges of the workpiece. Thereafter, in bending the workpiece in the plane of web thereof by cold-bending, the workpiece is transferred in its longitudinal direction relative to the rollers with held in pressure-contact by the rollers. (abstract; Figures 3-5; column 3 line 28 column 4 line 48). Yashiro does not teach the formation of a cylinder of the steel material or that the steel material has an L-shaped or a U-shaped cross section. Although the H-shaped cross section as disclosed by Yashiro is different from the claimed cross sections (L shaped and U-

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shaped), it is noted that an H-shaped cross section includes an L-shaped cross section and a U-shaped cross section. (see figure 1). Steele et al teaches an integral abs exciter ring for cast iron hub. The steel band is formed by bending a flat strip of steel into a circle forming a cylinder. The ends of the steel strip are butted against one another and can be welded if desired. (column 3 lines 53-56). At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the teachings of Yashiro with the teachings of Steele et al in order to produce steel cylinders (see Steele et al. column 1, lines 15-30).

Response to Arguments

In response to applicant's argument that Yashiro does not teach the formation of a cylinder of the H-shaped steel workpiece by cold-bending nor does Yashiro teach the bent work obtained issued as a bearing receiving unit for construction machinery, a recitation of the intended use of the claimed invention must result in a structural difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claim. In a claim drawn to a process of making, the intended use must result in a manipulative difference as compared to the prior art. See In re Casey, 152 USPQ 235 (CCPA 1967) and In re Otto, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963). The rejection is maintained despite applicant's traversal.

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Applicant argues that Yashiro does not teach the formation of a cylinder of the H-shaped steel workpiece by cold-bending nor does Yashiro teach the bent work obtained issued as a bearing receiving unit for construction machinery. The examiner agrees. The examiner would, however, like to point out that "[i]nclusion of material or article worked upon by a structure being claimed does not impart patentability to the claims." In re Young, 75 F.2d 966, 25 USPQ 69 (CCPA 1935) (as restated in In re Otto, 312 F.2d 937, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963)). Additionally, a recitation of the intended use of the claimed invention must result in a structural difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claim. See In re Casey, 152 USPQ 235 (CCPA 1967) and In re Otto, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963). In applying the teachings of In re Young and In re Casey to the instant case, the particular product made by the apparatus and the particular service of the product are process limitations that hold little patentable weight in the apparatus claim as it is the examiner's position that the combined inventions of Yashiro in view of Steele et al. are capable of performing the intended use of applicant's invention. The rejection is maintained despite applicant's traversal.

Applicant next appears to argue that one cannot product the desired product using the method of the Yashiro patent. While this may be true, applicant is reminded that a claim containing a "recitation with respect to the manner in which a claimed apparatus is intended to be employed does not differentiate the claimed apparatus from a prior art apparatus" if the prior art apparatus teaches all the structural limitations of the claim. Ex parte Masham, 2 USPQ2d 1647

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(Bd. Pat. App. & Inter. 1987) (The preamble of claim 1 recited that the apparatus was "for mixing flowing developer material" and the body of the claim recited "means for mixing ..., said mixing means being stationary and completely submerged in the developer material". The claim was rejected over a reference which taught all the structural limitations of the claim for the intended use of mixing flowing developer. However, the mixer was only partially submerged in the developer material. The Board held that the amount of submersion is immaterial to the structure of the mixer and thus the claim was properly rejected.). In the instant case, it is the examiner's position that the combined inventions of Yashiro in view of Steele et al. are capable of performing the intended use of applicant's invention. The rejection is maintained despite applicant's traversal.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

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however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jonathan Johnson whose telephone number is 703-308-0667. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th 7AM-5:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tom Dunn can be reached on 703-308-3318. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-1495.

jj

M. ALEXAND ELVE PRIMARY ELLAINER